

Fair tonight and Tuesday;
colder Tuesday: light westerly
ds. becoming northwesterly

The Evening Times

READ THE MORNING TIMES
THE NEWS OF ALL THE WORLD

Number 2272.

WASHINGTON, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1902.

Price One Cent.

MOLINEUX SOON TO KNOW HIS FATE

Former Governor Black and Prosecutor Osborne
Present Their Cases to Jury.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The long legal battle for the life of Roland B. Molineux, on trial for the second time, for killing Mrs. Katherine J. Adams, ends today when the jury takes the evidence into its room and there weighs it out to see whether the young defendant shall go back home or to that death house where he spent two years before the reversal of his first conviction.

Molineux expects an acquittal, and at the worst a disagreement.

Former Governor Black and Prosecutor Osborne summed up this morning for the defense and prosecution.

Hundreds of people swarmed about the court building for admission, two hours before the trial began. The jury came early but betrayed none of the nervousness shown by the spectators.

At exactly 10 o'clock Judge Lambert came into the court room and instantly ordered that all standing should leave the court.

The defendant sat by his father, General Molineux, just outside the rail. He was calm and cool. After the call of the jury former Governor Black arose and prefaced his address with thanks to the judge and to the prosecuting officers for their courtesies during the arduous trial.

Quietly, almost mandibly, Governor Black began his presentation of the defense. Molineux was the first theme touched upon. He declared that the feeling between Cornish and the defendant was insufficient upon which to base a charge of murder.

"Is the bearing of a gentleman the badge of crime? This motive, the prosecution will charge, had been slumbering for a year. It was more than that, it was dead. Men never shoot into a crowd

where women and infants are. The poison came from a certain place and went to its destination just where it was intended."

Cornish, who sat in court, flushed at the veiled insinuation.

"The nearest that any testimony, not contradicted, has placed Molineux to Hartigan's store in Newark, at the time the bottle-holder was purchased, was three-quarters of a mile away."

Black soon reached that point, where, in forceful language, he began to drive his points home in telling fashion.

"Molineux has always done what he was asked. He wrote as Kingsley said. He used Kingsley's pen; he used Kingsley's paper, and when Kingsley asked him to write back-handed, so it would look like the address on the poison package, he did so. Where were the envelopes of the Cornish letters? We have the envelopes of the Cornish letters; we have the Barnes envelopes. Were they destroyed because they did not show that they were not sent from Newark?"

Passing on the testimony of the handwriting experts, Governor Black said: "What did they make out of this case. That the poison package was not a disguised handwriting?"

"If you want to hang a man because of a break between two letters in the concealed writings and in the poison package, then do it. Maybe the people, according to the usage of society, demand a human life now and then, and the running of precious blood, but if justice be justice to all men, rich or poor, then I say you should not."

With the conclusion of Black's address, Prosecutor Osborne arose and spoke at length from his side of the case.

COLLECTOR BINGHAM REMOVED FROM OFFICE

Action of Alabama Republicans Rebuked.

STAND FOR THE NEGRO VOTE

Postmaster General Voices President's Views—Says Eligible Negroes Must Not Be Debarred.

A removal from office, one of great political significance, when the Republican party's relation to the negro vote is considered, was made today. The one whose head falls is Julian H. Bingham, collector of internal revenue for Alabama.

According to a high official authority, his successor while not yet named, will be Joseph O. Thompson, of Alabama.

The announcement of Mr. Bingham's removal was confirmed by Postmaster General Payne at the White House offices this afternoon, after a conference with the President.

Punished for Action of Party.

"The change does not reflect upon Mr. Bingham's integrity," he said. "But the position of the Republicans of Alabama at their recent State convention is a perversion of the fundamental principles of the Republican party, and Mr. Bingham is, in a measure, held responsible for that action."

Regarding the political significance of the case the Postmaster General said:

"Neither the Administration nor the Republican party of the North will stand for the exclusion of any section of our people by reason of their race or color, when, in other respects, such persons have complied with the laws and are eligible under the law to full and free participation in political action and are of a high standard of personal character."

Action of Convention Disapproved.

"In other words, there are but a few hundred colored men in Alabama, who come up to the requirements of the recently adopted State constitution, and are eligible for participation in political affairs. The action of the Republican State convention referred to in arbitrarily excluding them is not approved; no more than such action would be approved if it were taken in Ohio or Indiana."

ISLE OF PINES CITIZENS CALL ON THE PRESIDENT

Introduced by Senator Cul-
lom to Make Complaint.

Senator Cullom of Illinois called on the President this morning with a delegation of citizens interested in the improvement of conditions in the Isle of Pines. James C. Lenney, of New York, accompanied the delegation as legal counsel.

The visitors told the President that there were fully 300 bona fide American settlers in the Isle of Pines, who, after the ratification of the Spanish treaty, invested all they had in various enterprises in the island. There is no place in the island to record deeds of transfer of lands and the government of Cuba, which the citizens claim has no right jurisdiction, insists that deeds be recorded at Havana. A tax of 1 per cent is charged for recording. The President promised to take the complaints under consideration.

LIEUT PEARY WILL NOT REPLY TO DR. DEDRICK

Declines to Discuss Charges Made by
the Arctic Exploration Party's
Physician.

Concerning the charges made by Dr. T. S. Dedrick yesterday at Washington, N. J., Lieutenant Peary, of Arctic fame, said this morning that he did not care to dignify them by making answer. He said that he considered the doctor's statements as of no weight whatever; that the proper authorities had the facts at their disposal.

The lieutenant said he did not care to discuss the matter one way or the other. He will make his report to the Peary Club in New York Thursday next.

Dr. Dedrick, it is published, statements, said he tendered his resignation verbally to Lieutenant Peary and it was accepted. At the same time Dr. Dedrick made a proffer of voluntary professional services, but the lieutenant said he would consider the offer later. The doctor then recites how he was put ashore without food; declares he was denied supplies and medicine and that his medical services were not accepted by the lieutenant for the Eskimos of the party; and that men were suffered to die without medical attention although he was within call.

COAL TRAIN WRECKED.

READING, Pa., Nov. 10.—An axle on a coal car broke at Berne yesterday morning and caused the complete wreck of eighteen cars, all filled with various grades of coal. The tracks were blocked for twelve hours.

WILL SEE BOTH "STREET" AND MISSISSIPPI BEARS

President Starts on Event-
ful Tour Tonight.

NEW YORK BOARD OF TRADE

Guest of Annual Banquet Tomorrow
Night—Hunting Trip Afterward
in Southern Canbrakes.

President Roosevelt will leave Washington tonight on the midnight Pennsylvania train to be absent ten days. He will spend tomorrow in New York as the guest of the chamber of commerce. He will attend the dedication of the new Exchange Building at noon and the annual banquet of the board of trade in the evening and will leave for the West and South at midnight.

The same special train that conveys the President from Washington will be used in the entire trip, the line of the route being from New York to Memphis, by way of Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, and Louisville. No stops will be made en route, except such as are made necessary in the operation of the train.

Memphis will be reached Thursday morning, where President Fish, of the Illinois Central Railroad will take charge of the party. During the following five or six days, President Roosevelt will "rough it" down in the Mississippi canbrakes, hunting bear, and other game. The President will return to Memphis on the morning of the 19th to participate in the exercises in honor of Luke Wright, vice governor of the Philippines. Late that same evening, after making a speech at a banquet, the President will start home, reaching Washington on the morning of the 21st. On the morning of the 22d he will be again on the move, going to Philadelphia, to attend the United League Club banquet that evening. He will return to Washington on the midnight train.

BAER MAKES ANSWER TO MINERS' COMPLAINT

Six Printed Pages Now in
Hands of Mr. Wright.

Hon. Carroll D. Wright, recorder of the anthracite coal strike commission, today received from President Baer, the answer of the Reading Coal and Iron Company to the statement or complaint submitted on behalf of the miners by President Mitchell.

It covers six printed pages, and goes into all the details of the controversy. A copy has been sent to Mr. Mitchell. It will reach him tomorrow morning, and will be made public at that time.

The answers of other operators have not yet been received, but are expected today or tomorrow.

ENTRIES FOR THE RACES AT BENNING TOMORROW

Following are the entries for the races at Benning tomorrow:

First race—Selling: Three-year-olds; seven furlongs: "Lady Radnor, 84; May J. 29; "Patronymic, 90; Pearl Finder, 97; Anak, 106; Flo Russell, 95; Emshie, 104; Dalsey W. 35; Cornwall, 98; Valley Forge, 102; Playlike, 98; Carroll D. 104; Seauket, 112; and Blanket, 98. Note.—The following can start in the order named as any of the above may be withdrawn: Meistersinger, 102; Miss Butter-milk, 107; and Musidora, 95.

Second race—Two-year-old fillies; six furlongs: "Lady Sarah, 100; Rene, 100; Navasota, 107; Almarina, 100; Clarnell, 105; Heaving Salvo, 100; Athlana, 110; Gloriosa, 110; Abola, 107; Miladi Love, 107; Pride of Galore, 110; and Shrine, 106.

Third race—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; mile and forty yards: "Collegian, 99; Wellate, 100; Cornwell, 94; Patronymic, 103; Flara, 99; Cogswell, 103; Monako, 107; Goldsby, 109; Elms, 99; Knight of the Garter, 106; Alstie, 103; "Mary J., 98; "Tenagra, 98; "Foscolee, 97; and "Athola, 86.

Fourth race—Selling; two-year-olds; six furlongs: Clothe d'Or, 111; Agio, 109; Epidemic, 97; Bassanio, 109; Mount Hope, 106; "Daddy Bender, 105; and "Pittacus, 106.

Fifth race—Maiden three-year-olds and up; one mile and sixty yards: Knight Templar, 107; Burnish, 110; Moranda, 107; Solomon, 107; Judge Durelle, 110; Sam Craig, 110; Allie Virgie, 107; Lady Teazle, 107; Anna Darling, 107; Collegian, 99; Wellate, 100; Cornwell, 94; Patronymic, 103; Flara, 99; Cogswell, 103; Monako, 107; Goldsby, 109; Elms, 99; Knight of the Garter, 106; Alstie, 103; "Mary J., 98; "Tenagra, 98; "Foscolee, 97; and "Athola, 86.

Sixth race—Selling; for mares three years old and upward; mile and 100 yards: Barbara Fritchie, 102; Guesswork, 103; Graff, 105; Annie Lauretta, 102; Flara, 103; San Andee, 104; Antimosity, 103; and Lady Sterling, 103.

*Apprentice allowances.

HILL REMANDED TO

JAIL WITHOUT BAIL

Benjamin G. Hill, charged with assault with intent to kill his wife, was today remanded to jail without bond by Judge Kimball to await the result of the woman's injuries.

Hill's wife keeps a boarding-house on Missouri Avenue, between Second and Third Streets northward, Saturday evening, while she was eating supper, Hill sent three bullets from a revolver into her body. She was seriously, though it is not thought dangerously, wounded. Jealousy is given as the cause for the act.

IN EDWARD'S HONOR.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 10.—Mr. Gilbert Fraser, British consul at this port, will entertain a number of gentlemen at a dinner today at his home, 1 East Mount Vernon Place, which he will give in honor of King Edward's birthday.

NAVY WANTS OFFICERS FOR ITS MANY NEW WARSHIPS

TABLE SHOWING SHORTAGE OF
OFFICERS IN THE NEW NAVY

Total number of line officers, including midshipmen after graduation, required for vessels now on navy list.....	1,206
For navy yard, inspection, and court-martial duty, Naval Academy, recruiting, ordnance, equipment and engineering.....	264
In transit to and from stations.....	70
Total for present ships.....	1,540
2 per cent sick.....	30
2 per cent on leave or waiting orders.....	30
Total required at present.....	1,600
Number now on navy list, including midshipmen after graduation.....	1,023
Short at present.....	577
Additional officers to be required for warships now authorized.....	496
Sick leave and shore duty.....	125
Losses of officers before 1906.....	623
Prospective graduating at Naval Academy.....	160
Net short in 1906.....	1,360
	355
	1,005

ADMIRAL BRADFORD ON WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

Extensive Further Experiments to Be Made by Navy
Bureau of Equipment.

Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the Bureau of Equipment, of the Navy Department, says in his annual report that there are four systems of wireless telegraphy that have been developed in Europe, which appear promising. These are the Staby-Arco and Braun-Siemens-Halske, and the Rochefort and Ducretet. The Navy Department has purchased two sets of each. Admiral Bradford says in part:

"It is the intention of the bureau to test these different kinds of wireless telegraph apparatus in competition. For this purpose a station has been prepared at the navy yard, Washington, D. C., and another at Annapolis, Md. The distance between these stations is about thirty miles. Upon the completion of tests entirely overlaid, it is proposed to install one set of each kind of apparatus on board of a ship to short at varying distances. The next step will be to install one set of each apparatus on board of a ship, each ship proceeding to sea for tests at varying distances and outside of any possible land interference. These tests are in progress at the present time by a board of five officers, but it is too early to predict what the result will be."

"It is further proposed to establish wireless telegraph stations for the purpose of instructing officers and men at such stations as Newport, R. I., New York, N. Y., San Francisco, Cal., and possibly other naval stations. In order to ascertain the effect of heat, which is said to be injurious to the successful working of wireless apparatus, a station will be established at Key West, Fla."

"Most naval powers are far in advance of the United States in the installation of wireless telegraph appliances on board of naval ships. It is the opinion of the bureau, however, that thus far no ground has been lost by reason of the conservative progress of this country in adopting some particular system and supplying it to vessels of the navy."

Admiral Bradford recommends that all wireless stations should be under Government control in view of the fact that as yet no way has been discovered to prevent different stations from interfering with each other.

SHARP CONTEST LOOKED FOR AT NEW ORLEANS

Mitchell and Gompers Rival
Labor Candidates.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor; Secretary Morrison, and other labor leaders will leave at 8:30 this evening for New Orleans to attend the nineteenth annual convention of the Federation.

It is expected that the contest between Mr. Gompers and John Mitchell for the presidency will be close and exciting. Mr. Gompers insists on autonomy for the smaller unions, while Mr. Mitchell is an advocate of the domination of the larger organizations in all questions in which labor interests are involved.

It is understood Mr. Mitchell has the support of seven of the largest bodies composing the Federation. In the last convention there were 300 delegates and it is thought the number this year will be about the same.

Enoch Edwards of Staffordshire, England, and Matthew Arrandale, of Manchester, arrived in the city today. They are on their way to the New Orleans convention as fraternal delegates from the allied trades councils of Great Britain. They were shown about the city by local labor leaders.

CROWN PRINCE'S UNCLE CHARMED WITH AMERICA

Reaches England After a Spacious
Sage—Impressed With
Activity of Our People.

PLYMOUTH, England, Nov. 10.—The Chakrabongse, of Siam, who arrived aboard the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm this morning, was greeted at once to London.

The prince said he had been very much impressed with the activity of the people in America. He was struck by the ceaseless activity of the people, and did not wonder at the progress of the world, which he had achieved in his own country.

Prince Chakrabongse is a member of the King of Siam's family. He is the Crown Prince, who is expected to succeed his father, King Chulalongkorn, on his death. The prince's visit to America was of short duration.

Annual Report of Navigation
Bureau Says a Thousand
More Are Needed at the
Lowest Estimate.

Legislation Recommended to
Remedy Evil—General Staff
Plan—Re-establishment of
Grade of Vice Admiral.

Scheme for Naval Movements
This Winter—Two Strong
Squadrons in North Atlantic
and Asiatic Stations.

The annual report of the Bureau of Navigation, issued today, lays much stress on the urgent need of the navy for more officers to man both existing ships and those to be turned over within a short time. Tables are given to show that even now 357 officers are required who do not exist, while on July 1, 1906, the shortage will reach 1,000.

This is on a most conservative estimate, only 17 officers, including midshipmen, being allowed to each ship. Against this number Great Britain has 32, France 26, and Germany 29. To remedy the evil, legislation is recommended providing for the appointment by each Senator and Representative or Delegate of two midshipmen, and 10 annually at large, and further providing for an increase of 30 lieutenant commanders, 50 lieutenants and 350 lieutenants junior grade.

The report also urges the re-establishment of the grade of vice admiral, one each to be appointed for the North Atlantic and Asiatic stations.

The General Staff Plan.

In order to meet the need of a growing navy it advises that a general staff be authorized, and a chief of a general staff, who, by direction of the Secretary, shall be responsible for the personnel and the efficiency of the fleet in commission; who shall, in fact, direct, under the Secretary, the military affairs of the fleet and be responsible to him for its condition.

Other recommendations are that midshipmen immediately on graduation be commissioned as ensigns; that \$120,000 be appropriated for small-arm practice, including the building of suitable galleries and ranges; that the bureau force be increased by two additional assistant chiefs; that colliers be manned by naval officers and men, instead of merchant marines as at present; that better facilities be given for the training of landmen and apprentices; that the number of enlisted men in the navy be increased by 1906 to 40,000.

According to the report there are now 21,433 enlisted men in the navy, of whom 10,294 were recruited during the year. There were 3,027 desertions, 149 deaths and 4,026 men discharged.

Plans for the Winter.

The squadron policy of the bureau is given as follows:

"The plan of the assignment of vessels to the various squadrons at the close of the fiscal year June 30, 1902, was to divide the battleships of the navy into two squadrons, one upon the North Atlantic station and one upon the Asiatic station. It is believed that for the present two squadrons are all that the number of our battleships will permit."

"The department decided in the spring of 1902 to prepare a group of vessels to be in readiness to meet the frequent calls made for the services of our fleet in different quarters of the Caribbean and West Indies."

"The department contemplates maintaining in this division five cruisers, with the Olympic as flagship, to be based upon Culebra, and including a force of marines upon a transport. It is to be known as the Caribbean division of the North Atlantic squadron and will be commanded by Rear Admiral Coghlan, U. S. N., who is in command of the North Atlantic squadron."

MASCAGNI'S TROUBLES COME TO AN END AT LAST

Litigation Against Italian Composer
Satisfactorily Settled—Troupe Al-
lowed to Proceed Rejoicing.

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—The Mascagni Opera Company is again on terra firma. The Mittenhalls have been appeased, telegrams have been sent to the members of the troupe who left for New York after the strike at Music Hall, and Manager Samuel Kromberg stated last night that something will be done in the way of an entertainment at Symphony Hall next Wednesday evening.

After the farewell performance at Symphony Hall the tour will be continued West, making the first stop at Detroit, and probably going thence to Chicago.

MR. TOWNSEND IMPROVED.

The condition of Richard H. Townsend of 2121 Massachusetts Avenue northwest, was reported to be much improved this morning and his physicians, Dr. Hyatt, Dr. Compton and Dr. Snyder, look with more confidence toward his chances for recovery. Mr. Townsend while out riding last Thursday afternoon fell from his horse and sustained a concussion at the base of the brain and bruises about the face and body.

DEMORALIZATION IN MARKET CONTINUES

Prices Tumble Away Below
Saturday's Level

HEAVY SUPPORTING ORDERS

Slightly Better Tone in Afternoon.
Rumor of the Illness of J. P.
Morgan Unfounded.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The Stock Market opened exceedingly feverish. The dealings were in very large volume and resulted in declines all along the line. Delaware and Hudson showed an initial loss of two points, and the stock in which pools have been active opened at wide fluctuations, generally showing extreme losses of about one point. Conspicuous examples were Southern Pacific, Baltimore and Ohio, and Canadian Pacific.

There were enormous transactions in United States Steel shares which opened at wide variations with an extreme loss on our point appearing in the preferred. American stocks were sharply depressed in the London market, and the quotations from that point were followed up by heavy selling orders here for foreign account.

Broadly speaking, the tendencies of the market at the opening of business were merely a continuation of those which were clearly defined throughout last week's dealings. Apprehensions with regard to the monetary situation, including the possibilities of gold exports, played a large part in influencing sentiment and recent developments in the field of the flotation of new securities also served to unsettle confidence.

Money on call was very firm at 6 per cent, and sterling exchanges retained the tendencies it had at the close of business last week.

Trading continued in tremendous volume throughout the forenoon and the market at times showed signs of virtual demoralization. Severe losses took place in every direction, notwithstanding the appearance of heavy and converted buying orders. These were evident particularly in the Steel stocks, Union Pacific, and Missouri Pacific.

One of the rumors circulated today with a view to demoralizing the Stock Market has been the report that J. P. Morgan was sick. The report is unfounded.

The sales of stocks up to 1 p. m., were \$90,100 and the bonds, \$3,219,000.

The supporting orders caused a slightly better tone on the early afternoon.

DELAY IN CALLING CASE OF ALLEGED MURDERER

The trial of Forrest Pendleton, colored, accused of the murder of Gratton Brown, also colored, which was to have begun today at 10 a. m., was postponed until later in the day. The delay was granted by Justice Anderson at the request of Attorney George H. White, counsel for the prisoner. Mr. White stated to the court that he has been unable to secure the attendance of witnesses for the defense because of his ignorance of their proper addresses. Subpoenas have been issued for the witnesses.

GENERAL WOOD CALLS UPON THE PRESIDENT

Just Returned From Ger-
many and England.

TALKS OF HIS CUBAN REPORT

Many Other Distinguished Visitors Pay
Their Respects to Chief Execu-
tive at White House.

Among the President's prominent callers today were Gen. Leonard Wood, who has just returned from Europe, after attending the German army maneuvers and making visits in England and Scotland; Prof. Simon Newcomb and Gen. H. V. Boynton, who came to see the President on personal matters; B. F. Jones of Pittsburgh, and Joseph Wharton, of Philadelphia, industrial leaders; Attorney General Knox, Postmaster General Payne, and Secretary Wilson.

The latter has just returned from Iowa, and says the farmers have so much money from their great prosperity that they do not know what to do with it, and it goes to Wall Street through their banks.

General Wood informed the President that the complete translation and arrangement of the report on the Cuban occupation is now almost completed and will be printed in about a month. The first two volumes were ready before General Wood went abroad early in the summer. He will now write a general resume of all the detailed reports, to present his personal views on the results of the American occupation.

Wayne MacVough, ex-minister to Italy, saw the President early this afternoon.

NORTHWESTERN COLD WAVE ON ITS WAY EAST

Will Reach New York and
New England Tonight.

The Weather Bureau issued the following at noon:

"The northwestern cold wave has extended over the Upper Lakes, upper Mississippi Valley, and the middle Western States, and will overspread the middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys, lower lake region, interior of New York, and western New England during tonight and Tuesday."

SECRETARY MOODY SAILS ON THE DOLPHIN FOR CHARLESTON

Secretary Moody today sailed on the Dolphin on an official visit to the Charleston navy yard. He will seize the opportunity to write his annual report, his absence from the city covering about a week.

FUNERAL OF MR. KELHER.

At Holy Trinity Church this morning, high requiem mass was celebrated at 9:30 over the remains of James Kelher, Rev. Father J. F. X. Mulvaney, pastor, officiated. Before the remains were removed to the church, short services were held at Mr. Kelher's home, 1514 Thirty-second Street northwest.